UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM 8-K

CURRENT REPORT

Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 Date of Report (Date of earliest event reported): September 3, 2020

THE TORO COMPANY

(Exact name of registrant as Specified in Its Charter)

	Delaware	1-8649	41-0580470
	(State or Other Jurisdiction of Incorporation)	(Commission File Number)	(I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
		8111 Lyndale Avenue South Bloomington, Minnesota 55420-1196 Telephone number: (952) 888-8801	
	(Address, including zip code, and	telephone number, including area code, of registr	rant's principal executive offices)
		Not Applicable	
	(Former 1	Name or Former Address, if Changed Since Last	Report)
	eck the appropriate box below if the Form 8-K fili- lowing provisions:	ng is intended to simultaneously satisfy the	ne filing obligation of the registrant under any of th
	Written communications pursuant to Rule 425 un	der the Securities Act (17 CFR 230.425)	
	Soliciting material pursuant to Rule 14a-12 under	the Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.14a-12)	
	Pre-commencement communications pursuant to	Rule 14d-2(b) under the Exchange Act (1	7 CFR 240.14d-2(b))
П	Dra commandament communications pursuant to	Rule 13e-4(c) under the Evchange Act (1)	7 CER 240 13e-4(c))

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Title of each class	Trading symbol(s)	Name of each exchange on which registered
Common Stock, par value \$1.00 per share	TTC	New York Stock Exchange

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant is an emerging growth company as defined in Rule 405 of the Securities Act of 1933 (§230.405 of

his chapter) or Rule 12b-2 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (§240.12b-2 of this chapter).
Emerging growth company
f an emerging growth company, indicate by check mark if the registrant has elected not to use the extended transition period for complying with ny new or revised financial accounting standards provided pursuant to Section 13(a) of the Exchange Act.

Section 2 - Financial Information

Item 2.02 Results of Operations and Financial Condition.

On September 3, 2020, The Toro Company announced its earnings for the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2020.

Attached to this Current Report on Form 8-K as Exhibit 99.1 is a copy of The Toro Company's press release in connection with the announcement. The information in this Item 2.02, including the exhibit attached hereto, is furnished pursuant to Item 2.02 and shall not be deemed to be "filed" for purposes of Section 18 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, or otherwise subject to the liabilities of that section, nor shall it be deemed incorporated by reference in any filing under the Securities Act of 1933 or the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, except as shall be expressly set forth by specific reference in such filing.

Section 9 - Financial Statements and Exhibits

Item 9.01 Financial Statements and Exhibits

(d) Exhibits.

Exhibit No. Description

99.1 <u>Press release dated September 3, 2020 (furnished herewith).</u>

104 Cover Page Interactive Data File (embedded within the Inline XBRL document).

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned hereunto duly authorized.

THE TORO COMPANY (Registrant)

Date: September 3, 2020 /s/ Renee J. Peterson

Renee J. Peterson
Vice President, Treasurer and
Chief Financial Officer



Investor Relations

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For Immediate Release

The Toro Company Reports Third-Quarter Fiscal 2020 Results

Residential Segment Retail Demand and Incremental Venture Products Sales Key Drivers of Performance

- Net sales of \$841 million, up 0.3% year over year
- Reported and *adjusted diluted EPS of \$0.82
- · Residential segment net sales up 38% on strong retail demand
- Strong liquidity position of nearly \$1 billion

BLOOMINGTON, **Minn.**—(**BUSINESS WIRE**) — **September 3**, **2020**—The Toro Company (NYSE: TTC) today reported results for its fiscal third-quarter and year-to-date periods ended July 31, 2020.

"We continued to deliver on our strategic business priorities of accelerating profitable growth, driving productivity and operational excellence, and empowering people," said Richard M. Olson, chairman and chief executive officer. "We reported top-line growth in a challenging environment, primarily due to the continued strength of our residential segment as favorable weather, our new product lineup and stay-at-home trends drove robust demand in the mass and dealer channels. Incremental sales from our Venture Products acquisition also contributed to third-quarter growth. Additionally, we were encouraged by improved demand for our professional segment products, driven by greater business confidence and increased home investments.

"We are deeply grateful for the extraordinary efforts and resiliency of our entire team, which enabled us to deliver these results. Our dedicated people continue to live our brand promise and provide innovative solutions that meet our customers' needs," concluded Olson.

THIRD-QUARTER AND YEAR-TO-DATE FISCAL 2020 FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- Net sales of \$841.0 million, up 0.3% from \$838.7 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2019; year-to-date fiscal 2020 net sales were \$2.54 billion, up 5.6% from \$2.40 billion in the same prior-year period.
- Net earnings of \$89.0 million, up 46.8% from \$60.6 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2019; *adjusted net earnings of \$88.7 million, down 1.2% from \$89.8 million in the third quarter of fiscal 2019.

- Year-to-date fiscal 2020 net earnings of \$257.5 million, up 9.2% from \$235.7 million in the same prior-year period;
 *adjusted net earnings of \$258.6 million, down 5.1% from \$272.4 million in the first nine months of fiscal 2019.
- Reported EPS of \$0.82 per diluted share, up 46.4% from \$0.56 per diluted share in the third quarter of fiscal 2019;
 *adjusted EPS of \$0.82 per diluted share, down 1.2% from \$0.83 per diluted share in the third quarter of fiscal 2019.
- Year-to-date fiscal 2020 reported EPS of \$2.37 per diluted share, up 8.7% from \$2.18 per diluted share in the same prior-year period; *adjusted EPS of \$2.38 per diluted share, down 5.6% from \$2.52 per diluted share in the first nine months of fiscal 2019.
- As of July 31, 2020, the company had ample liquidity of \$992 million, including cash and cash equivalents of \$394 million and availability under its revolving credit facility of \$598 million.
- *Please see the tables provided for a reconciliation of adjusted non-GAAP net earnings and adjusted non-GAAP diluted earnings per share to the comparable GAAP measures.

OUTLOOK

"Our diverse portfolio of businesses positions us to drive growth as end markets normalize. We are delivering on our long-standing principles of innovation, strong customer relationships, and sustained value creation through disciplined capital allocation. We are enthusiastic about the future given our innovation pipeline and the proven ability of the team to adapt and perform successfully in these dynamic times," concluded Olson.

The company previously withdrew its financial guidance, which it is not reinstating at this time. However, based on current visibility, and with an understanding of the uncertain nature of the economic environment, it is providing the following assumptions for the fiscal 2020 fourth quarter. Continued year-over-year growth in the residential market is expected, but at a more moderate level. Professional markets should benefit from the gradual return to more normal buying patterns as customers' confidence in the economy increases. These positive trends will likely be somewhat offset by remaining COVID-19 headwinds, such as budget constraints, the effects of social distancing restrictions and regional variations in economic recovery. Although precision is difficult in this environment, if these assumptions hold true, the company anticipates that fiscal 2020 fourth-quarter adjusted EPS would be similar to that of its fiscal 2019 fourth quarter, on higher net sales.

THIRD-QUARTER SEGMENT RESULTS

Professional Segment

 Professional segment net sales for the third quarter were \$623.6 million, down 7.9% compared with \$676.8 million in the same period last year, primarily due to reduced channel demand as a result of COVID-19 related impacts, which led to fewer shipments of golf and grounds equipment, reduced sales of rental, specialty and underground construction equipment, and fewer shipments of landscape contractor zero-turn riding mowers. The net sales decrease was partially offset by incremental sales as a result of the company's acquisition of Venture Products.

For the first nine months of fiscal 2020, professional segment net sales were \$1.88 billion, up 1.3% from \$1.86 billion in the same period last year. The net sales increase was primarily driven by incremental sales from the Charles Machine Works and Venture Products acquisitions, partially offset by reduced channel demand as a result of COVID-19, which led to fewer shipments of landscape contractor zero-turn riding mowers, fewer shipments of golf and grounds equipment, and reduced sales of rental, specialty and underground construction equipment.

Professional segment earnings for the third quarter were \$113.7 million, up 39.3% compared with \$81.6 million in the same period last year, and when expressed as a percentage of net sales, increased 610 basis points to 18.2% from 12.1%. This increase was primarily due to lower non-recurring acquisition-related charges as compared to the prior-year period, favorable net price realization and lower commodity costs. The increase was partially offset by unfavorable product mix and COVID-19 related manufacturing inefficiencies.

Year to date, professional segment earnings were \$322.4 million, an increase of 0.8% compared with the same period in the prior fiscal year. Professional segment earnings as a percentage of net sales remained a constant 17.2% for both fiscal periods. The professional segment earnings increase was primarily driven by lower non-recurring acquisition-related charges as compared to the prior-year period, favorable net price realization, and productivity and synergy initiatives. This increase was partially offset by COVID-19 related manufacturing inefficiencies and higher SG&A expenses as a result of the Charles Machine Works and Venture Products acquisitions.

Residential Segment

- Residential segment net sales for the third quarter were \$205.0 million, up 38.3% compared with \$148.2 million in the same period last year. The net sales increase was primarily due to strong retail demand for zero-turn riding and walk power mowers and the company's expanded mass retail channel.
 - For the first nine months of fiscal 2020, residential segment net sales were \$632.8 million, up 20.4% compared with \$525.5 million in the same period last year. This increase was mainly driven by incremental shipments as a result of the company's expanded mass retail channel, and strong retail demand for zero-turn riding and walk power mowers.
- Residential segment earnings for the third quarter were \$28.5 million, up 76.7% compared with \$16.2 million in the same period last year, and when expressed as a percentage of net sales, increased 300 basis points to 13.9% from 10.9%. For the first nine months of fiscal 2020, residential segment earnings increased 70.2% to \$87.2 million, and when expressed as a percentage of net sales, increased 400 basis points to 13.8% from 9.8%. For both periods, this increase was primarily driven by productivity and synergy initiatives and SG&A leverage, which was partially offset by COVID-19 related manufacturing inefficiencies and unfavorable product mix.

OPERATING RESULTS

Gross margin for the third-quarter was 35.0%, up 330 basis points compared with 31.7% for the same prior-year period, primarily driven by the decrease in acquisition-related charges as compared to the prior-year period, favorable net price realization in the company's professional segment and productivity and synergy initiatives. *Adjusted gross margin for the third quarter was 35.2%, down 70 basis points compared with 35.9% for the same prior-year period. The decrease in adjusted gross margin was primarily driven by COVID-19 related manufacturing inefficiencies, unfavorable mix due to higher sales of residential products and increased inventory reserves in one of the company's professional segment businesses. This decrease was partially offset by favorable net price realization in the company's professional segment, and productivity and synergy initiatives.

For the first nine months of fiscal 2020, gross margin was 35.0%, up 160 basis points compared with 33.4% for the same prior-year period. The increase in gross margin was primarily driven by the decrease in acquisition-related charges as compared to the prior-year period, productivity and synergy initiatives, and favorable net price realization in the professional segment. This increase was partially offset by unfavorable mix due to higher sales of residential products and COVID-19 related manufacturing inefficiencies. *Adjusted gross margin for the first nine months was 35.2%, down 10 basis points compared with 35.3% for the same prior-year period.

The decrease in adjusted gross margin was primarily driven by unfavorable mix due to higher sales of residential products and COVID-19 related manufacturing inefficiencies. This decrease was partially offset by productivity and synergy initiatives, and favorable net price realization in the professional segment.

Selling, general and administrative (SG&A) expense as a percentage of sales for the third quarter decreased 170 basis points to 21.2% from 22.9% in the prior-year period. The decrease in SG&A expense as a percentage of sales was primarily due to lower travel and meeting expenses, acquisition-related costs, and employee salaries. This was partially offset by increased incentive compensation expense. For the first nine months of fiscal 2020, SG&A expense as a percentage of sales was 21.9%, up 20 basis points from 21.7% in the prior-year period.

Operating earnings as a percentage of net sales increased 500 basis points to 13.8% for the third quarter. *Adjusted operating earnings as a percentage of net sales increased 50 basis points to 13.9% for the third quarter. For the first nine months of fiscal 2020, operating earnings as a percentage of net sales were 13.1% compared with 11.7% in the year-ago period. *Adjusted operating earnings as a percentage of net sales for the first nine months of fiscal 2020 were 13.4% compared with 14.2% in the year-ago period.

Interest expense decreased \$0.7 million for the third quarter and increased \$4.7 million for the year-to-date period of fiscal 2020, each compared with the year-ago periods.

The effective tax rate for the third quarter was 19.8% compared with 14.9% for the third quarter of fiscal 2019, driven by a lower tax benefit related to the excess tax deduction for share-based compensation. The *adjusted effective tax rate for the third quarter was 20.9% compared with 18.1% for the third quarter of fiscal 2019, driven by one-time discrete items. For the first nine months of fiscal 2020, the effective tax rate was 19.2% compared with 15.3% for the first nine months of fiscal 2019. The *adjusted effective tax rate for the first nine months of fiscal 2020 was 20.6% versus 19.5% in the first nine months of fiscal 2019.

Working capital at the end of the third quarter was up compared with the end of the third-quarter of the prior fiscal year, primarily driven by an increase in inventory and a reduction in accounts payable, partially offset by a reduction in accounts receivable.

*Please see the tables provided for a reconciliation of adjusted non-GAAP gross margin, adjusted non-GAAP operating earnings and adjusted non-GAAP effective tax rate to the comparable GAAP measures.

LIVE CONFERENCE CALL September 3, 2020 at 10:00 a.m. CDT

www.thetorocompany.com/invest

The Toro Company will conduct its earnings call and webcast for investors beginning at 10:00 a.m. CDT on September 3, 2020. The webcast will be available at www.thetorocompany.com/invest. Webcast participants will need to complete a brief registration form and should allocate extra time before the webcast begins to register and, if necessary, install audio software.

About The Toro Company

The Toro Company (NYSE: TTC) is a leading worldwide provider of innovative solutions for the outdoor environment including turf and landscape maintenance, snow and ice management, underground utility construction, rental and specialty construction, and irrigation and outdoor lighting solutions. With sales of \$3.1 billion in fiscal 2019, The Toro Company's global presence extends to more than 125 countries through a family of brands that includes Toro, Ditch Witch, Exmark, BOSS Snowplow, Ventrac, American Augers, Subsite Electronics, HammerHead, Trencor, Unique Lighting Systems, Irritrol, Hayter, Pope, Lawn-Boy and Radius HDD. Through constant innovation and caring relationships built on trust and integrity, The Toro Company and its family of brands have built a legacy of excellence by helping customers care for golf courses, sports fields, construction sites, public green spaces, commercial and residential properties and agricultural operations. For more information, visit www.thetorocompany.com.

Use of Non-GAAP Financial Information

This press release and our related earnings call references certain non-GAAP financial measures, which are not calculated or presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP, as information supplemental and in addition to the most directly comparable financial measures calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The non-GAAP financial measures included within this press release and our related earnings call consist of gross profit, gross margin, operating earnings, earnings before income taxes, net earnings, net earnings per diluted share, and the effective tax rate, each as adjusted, as measures of our operating performance.

The Toro Company uses these non-GAAP financial measures in making operating decisions because we believe these non-GAAP financial measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding core operational performance and provide us with a better understanding of how to allocate resources to both ongoing and prospective business initiatives. Additionally, these non-GAAP financial measures facilitate our internal comparisons to both our historical operating results and our competitors' operating results by factoring out potential differences caused by charges not related to our regular ongoing business, including, without limitation, non-cash charges, certain large and unpredictable charges, acquisitions and dispositions, and tax positions. Further, we believe that these non-GAAP financial measures, when considered in conjunction with the financial measures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, provide investors with useful supplemental financial information to better understand our core operational performance.

Reconciliations of historical non-GAAP financial measures to the most comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures are included in the financial tables contained in this press release. These non-GAAP financial measures, however, should not be considered superior to, as a substitute for, or as an alternative to, and should be considered in conjunction with, the U.S. GAAP financial measures included within this press release and our related earnings call. These non-GAAP financial measures may differ from similar measures used by other companies.

The Toro Company cannot provide quantitative reconciliations of forward-looking non-GAAP effective tax rate guidance to projected U.S. GAAP effective tax rate guidance and adjusted non-GAAP EPS to projected GAAP EPS without unreasonable effort because the combined effect and timing of recognition of potential charges or gains is inherently uncertain and difficult to predict. In addition, since any adjustments could have a substantial effect on U.S. GAAP measures of financial performance, such quantitative reconciliations would imply a degree of precision and certainty that could be confusing to investors.

Forward-Looking Statements

This news release contains forward-looking statements, which are being made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. These forward-looking statements are based on management's current assumptions and expectations of future events, and often can be identified by words such as "expect," "strive," "looking ahead," "outlook," "guidance," "forecast," "goal," "optimistic," "anticipate," "continue," "plan," "estimate," "project," "believe," "should," "could," "will," "would," "possible," "may," "likely," "intend," "can," "seek," "potential," "pro forma," or the negative thereof or similar expressions. Forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties that could cause actual events and results to differ materially from those projected or implied. Particular risks and uncertainties that may affect the company's operating results or financial position include: COVID-19 related factors, risks and challenges, including among others, the severity of COVID-19, its effect on the demand for the company's products and services, the ability of dealers, retailers, and other channel partners that sell the company's products to remain open, availability of employees and their ability to conduct work away from normal working locations and/or under revised protocols, and the ability to receive commodities, components, parts, and accessories on a timely basis through its supply chain and at

anticipated costs, and the ability of the company to continue its production operations; adverse worldwide economic conditions, including weakened consumer confidence; disruption at or in proximity to its facilities or in its manufacturing or other operations, or those in its distribution channel customers, mass retailers or home centers where its products are sold, or suppliers; fluctuations in the cost and availability of commodities, components, parts, and accessories, including steel, engines, hydraulics and resins; the effect of abnormal weather patterns; the effect of natural disasters, social unrest, and global pandemics; the level of growth or contraction in its key markets; customer, government and municipal revenue, budget, spending levels and cash conservation efforts; loss of any substantial customer; inventory adjustments or changes in purchasing patterns by customers; the company's ability to develop and achieve market acceptance for new products; increased competition; the risks attendant to international relations, operations and markets, including political, economic and/or social instability and conflict, tax and trade policies, trade regulation and/or antidumping and countervailing duties petitions; foreign currency exchange rate fluctuations; financial viability of and/or relationships with the company's distribution channel partners; risks associated with acquisitions, including those related to the recent acquisitions of Charles Machine Works and Venture Products, Inc.; impairment of goodwill or other intangible assets; delays or failures in implementing, and unanticipated charges, as a result of, restructuring activities; management of alliances or joint ventures, including Red Iron Acceptance, LLC; impact of laws, regulations and standards, consumer product safety, accounting, taxation, trade and tariffs, healthcare, and environmental, health and safety matters; unforeseen product quality problems; loss of or changes in executive management or key employees; the occurrence of litigation or claims, including those involving intellectual property or product liability matters; and other risks and uncertainties described in the company's most recent annual report on Form 10-K, subsequent quarterly reports on Form 10-Q or current reports on Form 8-K, and other filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission. The company makes no commitment to revise or update any forward-looking statements in order to reflect events or circumstances occurring or existing after the date any forward-looking statement is made.

(Financial tables follow)

THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Earnings (Unaudited) (Dollars and shares in thousands, except per-share data)

	Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended					
	July 31, 2020		August 2, 2019		July 31, 2020		August 2, 2019			
Net sales	\$ 840,972	\$	838,713	\$	2,537,853	\$	2,403,705			
Cost of sales	546,398		572,732		1,648,474		1,600,809			
Gross profit	294,574		265,981		889,379		802,896			
Gross margin	35.0 %		31.7 %)	35.0 %)	33.4 %			
Selling, general and administrative expense	178,622		192,037		556,503		521,173			
Operating earnings	115,952		73,944		332,876		281,723			
Interest expense	(8,304)		(9,004)		(25,119)		(20,440)			
Other income, net	3,345		6,295		10,746		17,152			
Earnings before income taxes	110,993		71,235		318,503		278,435			
Provision for income taxes	22,025		10,628		60,998		42,718			
Net earnings	\$ 88,968	\$	60,607	\$	257,505	\$	235,717			
Basic net earnings per share of common stock	\$ 0.83	\$	0.57	\$	2.39	\$	2.21			
Diluted net earnings per share of common stock	\$ 0.82	\$	0.56	\$	2.37	\$	2.18			
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock outstanding — Basic	107,710		107,005		107,561		106,644			
Weighted-average number of shares of common stock										
outstanding — Diluted	108,543		108,253		108,569		108,024			

Segment Data (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

Three Months Ended				Nine Months Ended				
Segment Net Sales	Ju	ly 31, 2020		August 2, 2019	igust 2, 2019 July 31, 2020			August 2, 2019
Professional	\$	623,615	\$	676,756	\$	1,879,423	\$	1,855,268
Residential		204,961		148,234		632,807		525,539
Other		12,396		13,723		25,623		22,898
Total net sales*	\$	840,972	\$	838,713	\$	2,537,853	\$	2,403,705
*Includes international net sales of:	\$	150,014	\$	186,710	\$	508,001	\$	547,332

	Three Mo	nth	s Ended		Nine Months Ended			
Segment Earnings (Loss)	July 31, 2020		August 2, 2019	July 31, 2020			August 2, 2019	
Professional	\$ 113,652	\$	81,592	\$	322,385	\$	319,689	
Residential	28,545		16,151		87,233		51,253	
Other	(31,204)		(26,508)		(91,115)		(92,507)	
Total segment earnings	\$ 110,993	\$	71,235	\$	318,503	\$	278,435	

THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

	Ju	ly 31, 2020	Augı	ıst 2, 2019		October 31, 2019
<u>ASSETS</u>						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	394,141	\$	143,317	\$	151,828
Receivables, net		294,672		312,239		268,768
Inventories, net		656,208		620,612		651,663
Prepaid expenses and other current assets		39,225		54,235		50,632
Total current assets		1,384,246		1,130,403		1,122,891
Property, plant, and equipment, net		457,891		426,415		437,317
Goodwill		424,228		380,503		362,253
Other intangible assets, net		413,270		319,886		352,374
Right-of-use assets		81,634		_		_
Investment in finance affiliate		22,580		25,108		24,147
Deferred income taxes		9,772		3,603		6,251
Other assets		20,242		23,815		25,314
Total assets	\$	2,813,863	\$	2,309,733	\$	2,330,547
LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Current portion of long-term debt	\$	108,869	\$	99,877	\$	79,914
Accounts payable	J	268,747	Þ	304,661	Þ	319,230
Accrued liabilities		404,314		351,865		357,826
Short-term lease liabilities		15,182		331,003		337,620
Total current liabilities		797,112		756,403		756,970
Total cultent habilities		777,112		730,403		130,710
Long-term debt, less current portion		782,036		620,804		620,899
Long-term lease liabilities		69,752		_		_
Deferred income taxes		71,346		46,940		50,579
Other long-term liabilities		39,585		41,764		42,521
Stockholders' equity:						
Preferred stock		_		_		_
Common stock		107,264		106,549		106,742
Retained earnings		981,344		763,941		784,885
Accumulated other comprehensive loss		(34,576)		(26,668)		(32,049)
Total stockholders' equity		1,054,032		843,822		859,578
Total liabilities and stockholders' equity	\$	2,813,863	\$	2,309,733	\$	2,330,547

THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands)

		Nine Mon			
	July	y 31, 2020	August 2, 2019		
Cash flows from operating activities:					
Net earnings	\$	257,505	\$ 235,717		
Adjustments to reconcile net earnings to net cash provided by operating activities:					
Non-cash income from finance affiliate		(6,161)	(9,135)		
Distributions from finance affiliate, net		7,729	6,569		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment		55,272	48,770		
Amortization of other intangible assets		14,591	13,633		
Fair value step-up adjustment to acquired inventory		3,951	31,304		
Stock-based compensation expense		10,322	10,258		
Deferred income taxes		(3,425)	449		
Other		521	4,440		
Changes in operating assets and liabilities, net of the effect of acquisitions:					
Receivables, net		(17,687)	(54,446)		
Inventories, net		18,248	(54,541)		
Prepaid expenses and other assets		7,827	10,734		
Accounts payable, accrued liabilities, deferred revenue and other liabilities		(42,817)	15,361		
Net cash provided by operating activities		305,876	259,113		
Cash flows from investing activities:					
Purchases of property, plant and equipment		(46,627)	(56,801)		
Proceeds from asset disposals		204	4,636		
Investment in unconsolidated entities		_	(150)		
Acquisitions, net of cash acquired		(138,225)	(691,822)		
Net cash used in investing activities		(184,648)	(744,137)		
Cash flows from financing activities:					
Borrowings under debt arrangements		636,025	900,000		
Repayments under debt arrangements		(446,025)	(491,000)		
Proceeds from exercise of stock options		11,939	25,482		
Payments of withholding taxes for stock awards		(2,102)	(2,632)		
Purchases of TTC common stock			(20,043)		
Dividends paid on TTC common stock		(80,683)	(72,009)		
Net cash provided by financing activities		119,154	339,798		
Effect of exchange rates on cash and cash equivalents		1,931	(581)		
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		242,313	(145,807)		
Cash and cash equivalents as of the beginning of the fiscal period		151,828	289,124		
Cash and cash equivalents as of the end of the fiscal period	\$	394,141	\$ 143,317		

THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES Reconciliation of Non-GAAP Financial Measures (Unaudited) (Dollars in thousands, except per-share data)

The company has provided non-GAAP financial measures, which are not calculated or presented in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States ("U.S. GAAP"), as information supplemental and in addition to the most directly comparable financial measures presented in the accompanying press release that are calculated and presented in accordance with U.S. GAAP. The company uses these non-GAAP financial measures in making operating decisions because the company believes these non-GAAP financial measures provide meaningful supplemental information regarding the company's core operational performance and provide the company with a better understanding of how to allocate resources to both ongoing and prospective business initiatives. Additionally, these non-GAAP financial measures facilitate management's internal comparisons to both the company's historical operating results and to the company's competitors' operating results by factoring out potential differences caused by charges not related to the company's regular, ongoing business, including, without limitation, non-cash charges, certain large and unpredictable charges, acquisitions and dispositions, legal settlements, and tax positions.

Further, the company believes that such non-GAAP financial measures, when considered in conjunction with the company's financial measures prepared in accordance with U.S. GAAP, provide investors with useful supplemental financial information to better understand the company's core operational performance. Such non-GAAP financial measures should not be considered superior to, as a substitute for, or as an alternative to, and should be considered in conjunction with, the most directly comparable U.S. GAAP financial measures presented in the accompanying press release. The non-GAAP financial measures presented in the accompanying press release may differ from similar measures used by other companies.

The following table provides a reconciliation of financial measures calculated and reported in accordance with U.S. GAAP to the most directly comparable non-GAAP financial measures included within the accompanying press release for the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2020 and August 2, 2019:

	Three Months Ended			Nine Months Ended				
	July 31, 2020		August 2, 2019		July 31, 2020		August 2, 2019	
Gross profit	\$ 294,574	\$	265,981	\$	889,379	\$	802,896	
Acquisition-related costs ¹	1,087		26,172		3,950		35,691	
Management actions ²	_		9,117		857		9,117	
Non-GAAP gross profit	\$ 295,661	\$	301,270	\$	894,186	\$	847,704	
Gross margin	35.0 %)	31.7 %		35.0 %		33.4 %	
Acquisition-related costs ¹	0.2 %)	3.1 %		0.2 %		1.5 %	
Management actions ²	— %)	1.1 %		— %		0.4 %	
Non-GAAP gross margin	35.2 %)	35.9 %		35.2 %		35.3 %	
Operating earnings	\$ 115,952	\$	73,944	\$	332,876	\$	281,723	
Acquisition-related costs ¹	1,161		29,304		6,183		51,058	
Management actions ²	_		9,148		857		9,148	
Non-GAAP operating earnings	\$ 117,113	\$	112,396	\$	339,916	\$	341,929	
Earnings before income taxes	\$ 110,993	\$	71,235	\$	318,503	\$	278,435	
Acquisition-related costs ¹	1,161		29,304		6,183		51,058	
Management actions ²	_		9,148		857		9,148	
Non-GAAP earnings before income taxes	\$ 112,154	\$	109,687	\$	325,543	\$	338,641	
Net earnings	\$ 88,968	\$	60,607	\$	257,505	\$	235,717	
Acquisition-related costs ¹	924		23,953		4,922		41,814	
Management actions ²	_		7,351		682		7,351	
Tax impact of share-based compensation ³	(1,173)		(1,200)		(4,550)		(11,518)	
U.S. Tax Reform ⁴	_		(926)		_		(926)	
Non-GAAP net earnings	\$ 88,719	\$	89,785	\$	258,559	\$	272,438	

		Three Months Ended				Nine Mont	Ended	
	•	July 31, 2020	A	August 2, 2019		July 31, 2020		August 2, 2019
Diluted EPS	\$	0.82	\$	0.56	\$	2.37	\$	2.18
Acquisition-related costs ¹		0.01		0.22		0.05		0.39
Management actions ²		_		0.07		_		0.07
Tax impact of share-based compensation ³		(0.01)		(0.01)		(0.04)		(0.11)
U.S. Tax Reform ⁴		_		(0.01)		_		(0.01)
Non-GAAP diluted EPS	\$	0.82	\$	0.83	\$	2.38	\$	2.52
Effective tax rate		19.8 %		14.9 %		19.2 %		15.3 %
Acquisition-related costs ¹		— %		(1.4)%		— %		(0.7)%
Management actions ²		— %		1.6 %		— %		0.5 %
Tax impact of share-based compensation ³		1.1 %		1.7 %		1.4 %		4.1 %
U.S. Tax Reform ⁴		— %		1.3 %		— %		0.3 %
Non-GAAP effective tax rate		20.9 %		18.1 %		20.6 %		19.5 %

¹On March 2, 2020, the company completed the acquisition of Venture Products, Inc. ("Venture Products"). During the second quarter of fiscal 2019, the company acquired The Charles Machine Works, Inc. ("CMW"). Acquisition-related costs for the three month period ended July 31, 2020 represent integration costs and charges incurred for the take-down of the inventory fair value step-up amount resulting from purchase accounting adjustments related to the acquisition of Venture Products. Acquisition-related costs for the nine month period ended July 31, 2020 represent transaction costs incurred for the acquisition of Venture Products, as well as integration costs and charges incurred for the take-down of the inventory fair value step-up amounts resulting from purchase accounting adjustments related to the acquisitions of Venture Products and CMW. Acquisition-related costs for the three and nine month periods ended August 2, 2019 represent transaction and integration costs, as well as charges incurred for the take-down of the inventory fair value step-up amount and amortization of the backlog intangible asset resulting from purchase accounting adjustments related to the acquisition of CMW.

² During the third quarter of fiscal 2019, the company announced the wind down of its Toro-branded large horizontal directional drill and riding trencher product line ("Toro underground wind down"). Management actions for the nine month period ended July 31, 2020 represent inventory write-down charges incurred for the Toro underground wind down. No charges were incurred for the three month period ended July 31, 2020 related to the Toro underground wind down. Management actions for the three and nine month periods ended August 2, 2019 represent charges incurred for the write-down of inventory, inventory retail support activities, and accelerated depreciation on fixed assets related to the Toro underground wind down.

³ In the first quarter of fiscal 2017, the company adopted Accounting Standards Update No. 2016-09, Stock-based Compensation: Improvements to Employee Share-based Payment Accounting, which requires that any excess tax deduction for share-based compensation be immediately recorded within income tax expense. These amounts represent the discrete tax benefits recorded as excess tax deductions for share-based compensation during the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2020 and August 2, 2019.

⁴ Signed into law on December 22, 2017, Public Law No. 115-97 ("Tax Act" or "U.S. Tax Reform"), reduced the U.S. federal corporate tax rate from 35.0 percent to 21.0 percent, effective January 1, 2018. This reduction in rate required the re-measurement of the company's net deferred taxes as of the date of enactment. The Tax Act also imposed a one-time deemed repatriation tax on the company's historical undistributed earnings and profits of foreign affiliates. During the three and nine month periods ended August 2, 2019, the company recorded a tax benefit of \$0.9 million related to a prior year true-up of the Tax Act. The Tax Act did not impact the company's Results of Operations for the three and nine month periods ended July 31, 2020.