```
WASHINGTON, D.C. }2054
```

FORM 10-Q

Quarterly Report Under Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934
For the Quarter Ended January 28, 1994 Commission File Number 1-8649

THE TORO COMPANY
(Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter)

DELAWARE
(State of Incorporation)

41-0580470
(I.R.S. Employer Identification Number)

8111 LYNDALE AVENUE SOUTH
BLOOMINGTON, MINNESOTA 55420
TELEPHONE NUMBER: (612) 888-8801
(Address, including zip code, and telephone number, including area code, of registrant's principal executive offices)

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or $15(\mathrm{~d})$ of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes X
No
------
------ -

The number of shares of Common Stock outstanding as of January 28, 1994 was $12,466,881$.
Page NumberPART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION:Condensed Consolidated Balance Sheets -January 28, 1994, January 29, 1993 and July 31, 1993Condensed Consolidated Statements of Operations andRetained Earnings -Three and Six Months EndedJanuary 28, 1994 and January 29, 19934
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows -
Six Months Ended January 28, 1994 and January 29, 1993 ..... 5
Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements ..... 6
Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations ..... 7-8
PART II. OTHER INFORMATION
Item 4 Results of Votes of Security Holders ..... 9
Item 6 Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K ..... 9
Exhibit 11 Computation of Earnings (Loss) Per Common Share ..... 10

PART I. FINANCIAL INFORMATION

THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS)


See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.


See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.


See accompanying notes to condensed consolidated financial statements.

THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. BACKGROUND

The information furnished reflects all adjustments which, in the opinion of management, are necessary for a fair presentation of the interim periods. The Toro Company's business is seasonal. Operating results for the three months and six months ended January 28, 1994 are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the fiscal year ending July 31, 1994.

These statements should be read in conjunction with the financial statements and footnotes included in the Company's Annual Report for the year ended July 31, 1993. The policies described in that report are used in preparing quarterly reports.
2. INVENTORIES

Substantially all inventories are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value with cost determined by the last-in, first-out (LIFO) method. If the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method of cost determination had been used, inventories would have been $\$ 17,221,000$ and $\$ 13,364,000$ higher than the levels reported as of the end of the first six months of fiscal years 1994 and 1993, respectively. Using the FIFO method, inventories would have been $\$ 65,489,000$ and $\$ 61,775,000$ of work-in-process and $\$ 80,209,000$ and $\$ 71,146,000$ of finished goods in fiscal years 1994 and 1993, respectively.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION and results of operations

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES
Total assets for the Company as of January 28, 1994 were $\$ 451.9$ million, an increase of $\$ 13.4$ million, or $3.1 \%$, from the $\$ 438.5$ million reported at the end of the second quarter last year. The increase resulted primarily from increases in trade receivables and inventory. The increase in trade receivables is directly related to increased sales volume. Inventory increased as a result of building product to meet increased demand coupled with production changes implemented to accommodate previous consolidation of manufacturing plants.

Total debt as of January 28, 1994 was $\$ 148.3$ million, or $\$ 30.8$ million less than the $\$ 179.1$ million reported at the end of the second quarter last year. The ratio of total debt to total debt plus equity of $50.2 \%$ has improved from the $58.5 \%$ reported as of January 29, 1993. The lower debt ratio resulted from the reduced debt levels combined with an increase in equity as a result of fiscal 1993 earnings.

Our business is seasonal. Historically, accounts receivable balances increase throughout the winter months as a result of extended payment terms made available to our customers and decrease in the late spring when payments become due. Our peak borrowing usually occurs in the third quarter. The seasonal working capital requirements of the business are financed primarily with shortterm debt. We believe that the combination of funds available through existing financing options, coupled with forecasted cash flows, will provide the capital resources necessary to meet the Company's working capital requirements.

## RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

The following table sets forth sales by product line.

Three Months Ended


Six Months Ended


Changes in net sales for the second quarter and year to date were attributed to the following factors. Consumer product sales reflect increased sales of walk power mower products, electric products and the continued acceptance of the new lower-priced lawn tractor introduced last spring. These increases were attributed to heavy ordering by distributors and mass merchandisers in anticipation of a much better retail selling season than last year and strong acceptance of new products. The commercial product sales increase was attributable to a strong domestic golf market and the continued acceptance of the new Workman-TM- vehicle. The irrigation product sales increase reflected improving domestic economic conditions and changes in our distribution network implemented in the first quarter of this fiscal year. The slight decline in irrigation sales year to date reflected the impact of reduced international sales because of the continued weak economies in major European and Asian markets. This decline was offset by the improving domestic market. The international sales increase reflected increases in commercial and consumer product sales, particularly the new Workman-TM- vehicle which was not in the market last year. These increases were offset by the decline in international irrigation sales as discussed above.

Gross profit of $\$ 66.6$ million was $\$ 12.9$ million (24\%) higher than the $\$ 53.7$ million reported for the second quarter of fiscal 1993. As a percent of sales, gross profit increased slightly to $35.2 \%$ for the second quarter of fiscal 1994 compared to $35.1 \%$ for the second quarter last year. Year to date gross profit was $\$ 115.6$ million, $\$ 23.0$ million ( $24.8 \%$ ) higher than the $\$ 92.6$ million reported last year. The dollar increase is attributed to increased sales volume and improved plant efficiencies which were offset somewhat by a lower-margin product mix.

Selling, general and administrative (S G \& A) expenses increased \$9.1 million, or $19.1 \%$, to $\$ 56.8$ million from the $\$ 47.7$ million for the second quarter last year. Year to date S G \& A of $\$ 108.8$ million increased $\$ 18.2$ million form the $\$ 90.6$ million reported a year ago. The increases occurred principally as a result of increases in consumer product brand advertising, investment in customer support services related to changes made in irrigation's distribution channel, and increased research and development expenditures.

Interest expense of $\$ 3.2$ million for the quarter was $\$ 1.0$ million, or $23.8 \%$, less than the $\$ 4.2$ million the same period last year. Year to date interest expense decreased $\$ 1.9$ million to $\$ 6.5$ million from the $\$ 8.4$ million reported a year ago. These decreases are principally because of the reduction in long-term debt.

Net other income decreased $\$ 0.3$ million to $\$ 0.9$ million from $\$ 1.2$ million from the second quarter last year. The decrease resulted primarily from the decline of finance revenues because of improved inventory turnover at distributors and dealers. Year to date net other income of $\$ 4.0$ million is $\$ 1.3$ million higher than the $\$ 2.7$ million reported a year ago. The year to date increase reflects $\$ 1.85$ million received in settlement of a lawsuit relating to the purchase of Lawn-Boy, Inc. In addition to the items mentioned above, other income includes foreign currency exchange losses, royalty income and gains/losses incurred on joint ventures.

Provision for income taxes as a percent of pre-tax earnings was $40.0 \%$ for the second quarter of fiscal 1994 and benefit for income taxes as a percent of pretax loss was $38.0 \%$ for the same period in fiscal 1993. The tax rate increase reflects the enactment of the new tax law. We expect the tax rate to remain at $40 \%$ for the remainder of fiscal 1994.

While we expect our results for fiscal 1994 to be better than fiscal 1993, we are experiencing some shift in revenues to the first half of the fiscal year from the second half. Therefore, we do not expect our growth for the remainder of the fiscal year to be as dramatic as the increases experienced during the first half of the year.

## Item 4 Results of Votes of Security Holders

The Annual Meeting of Stockholders was held on December 16, 1993 involving election of directors, adoption of the 1993 Stock Option Plan and the appointment of auditors.

The results of the stockholder votes were as follows: on the election of directors, 9,993,820 were voted for election and some of the proxies were cast against the two directors, but not more than $2.2 \%$ of the shares represented in person or by proxy at the meeting; on the 1993 Stock Option Plan 6,668,914 shares were voted for, $2,583,255$ shares were voted against, 164,592 shares abstained and there were 769,794 broker non-votes; and on the appointment of the independent auditors $9,980,418$ shares were voted for, 70,975 shares were voted against and 135,162 shares abstained.

Item 6 Exhibits and Reports on Form 8-K
(a) Exhibit 11 Computation of Earnings (Loss) per Common Share
(b) Reports on Form 8-K

The Company did not file any Form 8 -K reports during the second quarter of fiscal 1994.

## SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

> THE TORO COMPANY
> (Registrant)

```
By /s/ Gerald T. Knight
    Gerald T. Knight
    Vice President, Finance
    Chief Financial Officer
    (principal financial officer)
```

THE TORO COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES
COMPUTATION OF EARNINGS (LOSS) PER COMMON SHARE (UNAUDITED) (DOLLARS IN THOUSANDS, EXCEPT PER-SHARE DATA)


1) Outstanding stock options and options exercised in the current period are converted to common share equivalents by the treasury stock method using the average market price of the Company's stock during each period.
2) Outstanding stock options and options exercised in the current period are converted to common share equivalents by the treasury stock method using the greater of the average market price or the period-end market price of the Company's stock during each period.
3) Loss per share calculations are based on weighted average common shares outstanding excluding common stock equivalents due to their anti-dilutive affect.
